

Hazelden Foundation Annual Disclosure of Crime Statistics

The following statistics are being provided as part of Hazelden Graduate School's commitment to safety and security on campus and to comply with the Campus Safety and Security Survey, which we are required to complete every year via the United States Department of Education.

| Chisago County * | 2010 | 2009 | 2008 |
|--------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Homicide | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sexual Offense (includes rape) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Robbery | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Aggravated Assault | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Burglary | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Motor Vehicle Theft | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Arson | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Liquor Law Violations | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Drug Law Violations | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Weapons Offenses | 0 | 0 | 0 |

| Campus Disciplinary Action | 2010 | 2009 | 2008 |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Liquor Law Violations | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Drug Law Violations | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Weapons Offense | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Hate Crimes:

There were no reported hate crimes for 2008, 2009, 2010.

***PLEASE NOTE:** These figures represent the crime statistics for the Center City campus location and these figures have been confirmed with the Chisago County Sheriff and fall within the parameters of the Campus Safety Security Survey.

The tables list crimes occurring on-campus, in non-campus areas, and in public areas adjacent to campus. These statistics include data received from other law enforcement agencies in response to annual requests. Crime statistics reported as occurring "on-campus" include incidents reports to Hazelden Graduate School as well as incidents reported to other campus officials, including but not limited to directors, deans, judicial affairs, advisors to students and student organizers. Reports received from campus officials may have been submitted anonymously and may result in criminal statistics higher than those reported to the FBI by the Hazelden Graduate School pursuant to their reporting guidelines. The below listed "crime definitions" will help you understand these statistics. Hard copies of this information are available upon request. If you have any questions, please contact our Human Resource Consultant at 651-213-4266.

Crime Definitions

The following crime definitions are used in accordance with the Federal Bureau of Investigation's Uniform Crime Reporting Program.

Robbery - The taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear.

Aggravated Assault - An unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm. (It is not necessary that injury result from an aggravated assault when a gun, knife, or other weapon is used which could and probably would result in serious personal injury if the crime were successfully completed.)

Burglary - The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft. For reporting purposes this definition includes: both forcible and unlawful entry within a structure, which is defined as having four walls, a roof, and a door; with intent to commit a larceny or felony; breaking and entering with intent to commit a larceny; housebreaking; safecracking; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned.

Motor Vehicle Theft - The theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle. (Classify as motor vehicle theft all cases where automobiles are taken by persons not having lawful access even though the vehicles are later abandoned--including joyriding.)

Weapon Law Violations - The violation of laws or ordinances dealing with weapon offenses, regulatory in nature, such as manufacture, sale, or possession of deadly weapons; carrying deadly weapons, concealed or openly; furnishing deadly weapons to minors; aliens possessing deadly weapons; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned.

Drug Abuse Violations - Violations of State and local laws relating to the unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, manufacturing, and making of narcotic drugs. The relevant substances include: opium or cocaine and their derivatives (morphine, heroin, codeine); marijuana; synthetic narcotics (demerol, methadones); and dangerous nonnarcotic drugs (barbiturates, benzedrine).

Liquor Law Violations - The violation of laws or ordinances prohibiting: the manufacture, sale, transporting, furnishing, possessing of intoxicating liquor; maintaining unlawful drinking places; bootlegging; operating a still; furnishing liquor to a minor or intemperate person; using a vehicle for illegal transportation of liquor; drinking on a train or public conveyance; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned. (Drunkenness and driving under the influence are not included in this definition.)

Arson - Any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, personal property of another, etc.

Criminal Homicide - Manslaughter by Negligence - The killing of another person through gross negligence.

Criminal Homicide - Murder and Non Negligent Manslaughter - The willful (non-negligent) killing of one human being by another.

(The following sex offense definitions are excerpted from the National Incident-Based Reporting System Edition of the Uniform Crime Reporting Program.)

Sex Offenses – Forcible – Any sexual act directed against another person, forcibly and/or against that person's will; or not forcibly or against the person's will where the victim is capable of giving consent.

A. Forcible Rape – The carnal knowledge of a person, forcibly and/or against that person's will; or not forcibly or against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving

consent because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity (or because of his/her youth).

- B. Forcible Sodomy** – Oral or anal sexual intercourse with another person, forcibly and/or against that person’s will; or not forcibly against the person’s will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her youth or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.
- C. Sexual Assault With an Object** – The use of an object or instrument to unlawfully penetrate, however slightly, the genital or anal; opening of the body of another person, forcibly and/or against that person’s will; or not forcibly or against the person’s will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her youth or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.
- D. Forcible Fondling** – The touching of the private body parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification, forcibly and/or against that person’s will; or, not forcibly or against the person’s will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her youth or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental incapacity.

Sex Offenses – Non-Forcible – Unlawful, non-forcible sexual intercourse.

- A. Incest** – Non-forcible sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.
- B. Statutory Rape** – Non-forcible sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent.

Hate Crime Reporting

The previous regulations required institutions to report as hate crimes any occurrence of criminal homicide, sex offenses, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, motor vehicle theft, arson, and any other crime involving bodily injury reported to local law enforcement agencies or a company security authority. The current regulations added the crimes of larceny-theft, simple assault, intimidation, and destruction/damage/vandalism or property to the list of crimes that must be reported in hate crime statistics. Hate crimes are those crimes that manifest evidence that the victim was intentionally selected because of the victim’s race, gender, religion, sexual orientation, ethnicity/national origin or disability.

This document needs to be posted for the entire year and is updated annually. When the annual renewal is received, please remove the old document and replace with the updated version.